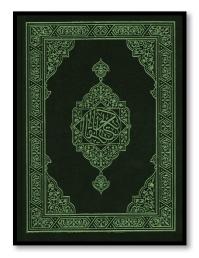
BEFORE the QUR'AN (KORAN) & MUHAMMAD'S NAME

-Under the Sharia Law-



Back in the year 2012, there was a peaceful Muslim believer I have chat with him online. We were discussion about his fundamental beliefs. He convinced me that 'Allah', which is his calling to the true name of the Creator ONE who made the heaven and earth is the right path to the truth. That this Qur'an (or Koran) book is the true pure manuscript of the Creator ONE teaching. He strongly believe in the Sharia Law and is the only law that establish everywhere for us to obey. He also told me about this ancient Prophet name Muhammad, who claimed to be a messenger from Alluh. He had a visions of this Angel names Gabriel who revealed and dictated him a number of message which was written in Qur'an (or Koran). While we were discussion between our beliefs, he mentioned that Muslims believer do believe in the Old Testament book (or the Hebrew Bible nor TANAKH). But it is written a

little bit different in their book. On that day we chat, I did find it interesting how the Muslims do believe in the Old Testament books, etc... So, I decide to read the Qur'an and see myself whether this Muhammad was the true Prophet long time ago. To do a deep research to find out whether all this he told me about is true or not.

While I was doing the research after reading some of information in the Qur'an. But first, I had to compare the Old Testament books and TANAKH. To see the different about TANAKH and the Old Testament Bible. The most thing different between those two books is how the categories are in order is different. TANAKH have three division books, the *Torah, Nevi'lm* and *Ketuvim*. I know Torah is composed with the Five Books of Moses, with many commandments (mitzvot) law. The conjugation of the meaning for "TORAH" is 'to guide' or 'to teach'. The meaning of the word is therefore "teaching", "doctrine", or "instruction"; the commonly accepted "law" that actually gives us a wrong impression. I once thought that "Torah" actully mean the book of the law, but no. It is traditionally written on a scroll that is then wound around two wooden poles, the instruction book. It's actually called the "*Sefer Torah*" and it is handwritten by the surfer (scribe) who must copy the text perfectly. When in modern printed form, the Torah is usually called a "Chumash," which comes from the Hebrew word for the number "five".

I have learned to understand what is Nevi'im, that Nevi'im is the Prophets manuscript book that divided with each former Prophets: (1) (Joshua, Judges, Samuel, and Kings) and (2) the Latter Prophets (Isaiah, Jeremiah, Ezekiel, and the Twelve, or Minor, Prophets: Hosea, Joel, Amos, Obadiah, Jonah, Micah, Nahum, Habakkuk, Zephaniah, Haggai, Zechariah, and Malachi).

Ketuvim, is the third finial division manuscript of the Tanakh's (Old Covenant). It is divided into four sections. Ketuvim include poetical books (Psalms, Proverbs, and Job), the Megillot, or Scrolls (Song of Solomon, Ruth, Lamentations of Jeremiah, Ecclesiastes, and Esther), prophecy (Daniel), and history (Ezra, Nehemiah, and I and II Chronicles).

Before I begin sharing what I have learn behind about Qur'an, I was told that there are also divided of Muslims believers as well. Similar how there are divided Christian and Jewish. Some have the simpler beliefs while other don't. *There are several major branches: Sunni, Shi'a, Ibadi, Ahmadiyya,* and *Sufism*. These branches started to develop after Muhammad's death when people began to disagree on the successor of their religion. I was also told some of these believers do not believe in the Old Testament.

I did have noticed some other translated Qur'an books, it took me some time to recognize it. To find out which one is the actual first and the correct written Qur'an book. I was searching for English translated. Until I did found one and did see some different, that isn't the same as the other Qur'an book. I also found with the English translated. Once I found what I was looking for, I began examining the Qur'an.

First thing I have noticed what Qur'an teach about is the Prophets. It said that all Prophets are "SINLESS" and this is the first thing I knew that cannot be true. Since I was told that Muslims do agree with the Torah and the ancient Prophets teaching, yet this would opposite to that statement "ALL Prophets are SINLESS"??? They claimed this because they says Allah's prophets are free from such wickedness according to various statements in Qur'an and a detail from a book called *The Religion of Islam, p. 109*. For whatever reason or why, I believe Muslims somehow are confuse between what the Torah and the ancient Prophets teaching compare to what Qur'an or other book like The Religion of Islam teaches.

According to the Old Testament (OT) books, all prophets DID SINS???

- a. Noah's sinned are by nakedness and drunkenness, according in Genesis/Barashit chapter 9.
- b. Abraham did sin by how he lies about his wife. Genesis/Barashit 12:18 or 20:9.
- c. Moses did the sins by raising his arm and struck the rock twice with his staff in anger, this he disobeys the commands of the heavenly host. (Numbers/Book of Bamidbar 20:1-13)
- d. King David as well has sinned, numbers of kinds. David took another man's wife and had him murdered. This is accord in the book of Second Samuel/Shamual-Bat11:1-5; 6-17.

Here more evidence:

Do not be over righteous, neither be overwise—why destroy yourself? Indeed, there is no one on earth who is righteous, no one who does what is right and never sins. - Ecclesiastes 7:16, 20

The heavenly Host looks down from heaven on all mankind to see if there are any who understand, any who seek HIM. All have turned away, all have become corrupt; there is no one who does good, not even one. - Psalm 14:2-3

The second thing in Quran I have noticed in *chapter 15:16*, it said 'And WE had certainly created man out of clay from an altered black mud'. The question here is, if they believe there is only ONE ALLUH who is this WE in this verse of Qur'an creating a man? This is nothing like how Genesis describe in chapter 1 verse 26. Because this "WE" in Genesis 1:26 describe as our heavenly Father, YAH and us (people). To have our children liken from us, etc...



The next thing is about violence I've find in Qur'an. Qur'an have this Sharia (Islamic) law that Muslim must follow and practice. According to the **9**th **Sharia (9:29 to 9:31)**, it said about commanding all Muslims to kill-fight against those who are non-believers who are against Alluh etc... It also said Allah order them to <u>CUT OFF their heads</u> according to **8:12-17 47:4** 'strike necks'. You can verify this statement here at this link <u>Al-Anfal [8:12] - Tanzil Quran Navigator</u>. The most troubling about this finding, I noticed in the different between the modern and old Quran book, the word appear "FIGHT" instead of

"KILL". I believe the word "kill" was the original word in the Quran book. These example about killing non-believers is to notice how violence Allah order Muslim to do such thing according to 47:4, 8:17, 9:9-15. This explains why in Qur'an 9:1-6 '(5) do actually mean to "KILL" the unbelievers wherever ye find them', this 29 fulfills by the jihad root. Again, if they believe in the Torah teaching, yet why isn't this not the same? Before I have read and research on Qur'an, I have already witnessed through out different time on the media that the Muslims did actually violence beheading people all the time. That is why they have their icon with the two edge swords. The kind of sword they would use it to beheading people.

There is another thing I have noticed the different between the OT and Quran. Reading *chapter 57:11*, *verse 16 and 28*, about the measure law of the reward from the Creator ONE. To receive an honorable reward or double it etc... This I find that a little strange, because nowhere in the OT teaches these kind of wording of reward. What the OT teach about rewarding is this: "I am your exceeding great reward" - Genesis 15:1, that it. Most of all, if we believe in the Creator ONE, I would also live in HIS everlasting kingdom. That is a rewarded thing to be there some day.

There is one strange statement I found in 57:12, it said "seeing the believers with their light shining in front of them and to their right..." I was think...what is this light shining in front of them and to their right? A light in front of the believer's face or the whole body? What kind of lesson is this one that doesn't sound like anything in the OT teaching as well? This is not the only statement I find it strange, it also said something about the "Paradise wherein (the) streams (that) flow (which said) is the glad news..."? I have never heard of this kind of Paradise that have a place that flow in streams. Nothing like this mentioned anywhere in the Old Testament books at all.

Before the Name of Muhammad

After learning so much about Qur'an, I now am going to point out the final reason why I find wrong about Qur'an. Why Qur'an is **NOT** a message from the Creator Almighty ONE, **NOT** a the first question I must ask, before there was Muhammad, there were no Muslims believers, who were they before Muhammad exist? Before Qur'an exist? This question is going to be a good starting point of good reason why there is a problem with the history line of their people after Abraham time.

We already know that they speak and write the Arabic language, before and after Qur'an had exist. This is a good start point to notice in their history of Islamic. I have learned that they were the Arabia people. The Arabs were originally the people of the Arabian desert. They somehow converted to Islam maybe around the 7th century A.D. According to history, they conquered the Middle East from the Sassanian and Byzantine empires and established a succession of Arab-Islamic Middle Eastern empires from Spain

to Central Asia and from the Caucasus to India. According to the scripture books (Old Testament or Tanakh), they occasionally refer to *Arvi* peoples (or variants thereof), translated as "*Arab*" or "*Arabian*" deriving from "*Arava*" plain, the dwellers of plains. Some Arabs of the Arabian Peninsula are considered descendants of Ismael (or Ishmael), the first son of Abraham. So now, we can see why they were called Islamic people because of the descendants of Ismael (or Ishmael) and they did speak and write in the Arabian language. Muslims somehow believe this as well.

Now, since the Muslim people once were plainly called the Islamic people, didn't they follow and believe in the covenant of what Moses have received the promise agreement from the Almighty ONE? According to the tradition of the Judeo-Christian figures, they claimed they do follow Adam, Noah, Abraham, Moses, etc... Since they mentioned a lot about Moses as their prophet in Islam. Mentioned a lot more times in the Quran than any other individual. Quran did describes Moses as their messenger of "Allah" who was sent to Pharaoh to preach monotheism and to free the Israelites from slavery. Quran also describes how Moses was given the Ten Commandments on Mount Sinai etc... The problem with this is, it's impossible for Moses be their prophet in Islam? According to the Old Testament Bible, Moses was from the descendants of Levi. His genealogy presented in Exodus 6:14-27 shows that Aaron (brother) and Moses were descended from Levi, the family line that was assigned as the priesthood. And this Levi family descendants came from Jacob, which Jacob name was changed to Israel. While the book of the Qur'an does NOT clearly mention anything about Moses' father or any of his descendant's lines at all. Only did it mention about his brother Aaron who was also a prophet and a descendant of Abraham, that it. Isn't that strange way for Qur'an not fulfilled that linage information? It sure doesn't, how odd is that.

Moses could not be a Muslims' prophet, because Ishmael or Muslims were NOT from the *Israelites* people after all. They were not slaves in Egypt during that time where Moses was. Here the thing, Hagar married Ishmael to an Egyptian woman (Genesis 21:21), and if Rabbinical commentators are correct that Hagar was the Pharaoh's daughter, his marriage to a woman she selected could explain how and why his sons became princes. According to Genesis 25:12–18 —Ishmael had twelve sons who became great rulers and eventually a nation of people. His sons and their families settled in the area from Havilah to Shur, along the eastern border of Egypt. This passage notes that they "lived in hostility" towards the other tribes they were related to. They were not ever mentioned as slaves in Egypt. They could not possibly have dealt with Moses whom they never met.

The other fact is, Moses fled from Egypt and went to live in the land of Midian after he heard that his killing of an Egyptian man for beating a Hebrew slave was known. The land of Midian was in the region that occupied territory east of the Jordan River and the Dead Sea, and southward through the desert wilderness of the Arabah. It was located in the northwest Arabian Peninsula, on the east shore of the Gulf of Aqaba on the Red Sea. This is not in the area or nearby where Ishmael and his twelve sons who all had settled in the area from Havilah to Shur, along the eastern border of Egypt. So the question is, how could Moses be the Islamic or Muslim prophets if they have never met or were they ever involved in the 40 years of wilderness with Moses? The strange part is, I have mentioned earlier that Qur'an have mentioned Moses name 136 times and his life is narrated and recounted more than that of any other prophet. This is one of the reason why Moses wasn't their prophet, because they were in a different location.

The other reason is, Ishmael is not from or part of the Yisraelites' bloodline but Abraham's bloodline. Because Ishmael half brother is Isaac whose future son's name is Jacob, the future Yisraelites. This is why Moses is not of the Islamic or Muslim prophets (messenger from 343%). So, you can see why the

scriptures very clearly state that the original covenant promise to Abraham was actually through his first wife Sarah, not to Hagar. After all, **** did promise a seed of Abraham a great numerical of nations and Ishmael is indeed one of those seeds. Sarah made the mistake of not trusting **** that she would have a son of her own bloodline. Therefore, in terms of the provisions of the Abrahamic Covenant, Isaac is **** designated straight heir to that promise. Ishmael was never the heir to that original promise, because that promise was through Sarah with Abraham. Only Isaac is that son that **** had promised in the future. Most of all, Ishmael is from the handmaid of his mother Hagar who lives as a servant to the household of Abraham. If Hagar and her son Ishmael never was forced to leave Abraham's family, Islamic people would consider being the servant of Yisrael. The promises that were given to Abraham became the birthright to be passed down to the primogeniture in each generation (lesson in **1st** Chronicles 5:1**). It was given by promise to Isaac, Jacob, Joseph and then to Ephraim, Joseph's youngest son. It is interesting to know that the Abraham's promise appeared to become divided at the time Jacob blessed his sons.

There is one finial point why I must deny Qur'an, it is about Jesus (YahuSha). Qur'an mentioned Jesus die and was taken up by Allah himself (4: 157,158; 3: 55*). This is the same Jesus which the New Testament Bible spoke about him. Yet, Qur'an told a little bit different about him. Like how he did not died from hang on the cross and he was not the last prophet. I have discovered while research, it appear to me that Muhammad was born 550 years after Jesus' time. He was replaced with Jesus for the final opening stage of the heavenly message to the world. In other word, the Muslim claimed that he was the last Prophet after Jesus' time. This is another reason why I deny about Qur'an, because of Jesus whom I do not believe in him, even in the New Testament (NT) Bible as well. Since I do not believe in the New Testament doctrine books about Jesus. Since NT is a false added books that is considering forbidden in the eyes of 3134. I only believe in the Old Testament (or TANAKH) books of 3134.

You as reader here now can see why I, Bro. Pouliot do not believe in the Muslims' foundational beliefs. For two top reasons, first is about the original promise of Abrahamic Covenant with Sarah not Hagar and the name of Jesus whom I reject also. Yet, the rest of other point view reasons I have also share about is still good to see what wrong about the Qur'an.